## Translation of Japanese Original <br> FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL PERIOD ENDED JANUARY 31, 2022(REIT) <br> ( August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022)

March 16, 2022
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(URL https://www.kdr-reit.com/en/)
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Planned submission of semiannual securities report: April 26, 2022

Planned start of distribution payments:
Preparing presentation material:
Hold a financial brief meeting:

April 18, 2022
Yes
No (Cancelled due to preventing the spread of coronavirus infection. Scheduled financial results presentation webcast (Japanese version). )

## 1. PERFORMANCE FOR THE FISCAL PERIOD ENDED January 31, 2022 (20th FISCAL PERIOD)

(1) Business Results (Percentages show period-on-period changes)

|  | Operating Revenues (Millions of Yen) |  | Operating Income (Millions of Yen) |  | Ordinary Income <br> (Millions of Yen) |  | Net Income(Millions of Yen) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The 20th fiscal period ended January 31, 2022 | 9,143 | (-0.6\%) | 4,840 | (0.4\%) | 4,119 | (-0.7\%) | 4,119 | (-0.7\%) |
| The 19th fiscal period ended July 31, 2021 | 9,195 | (9.7\%) | 4,822 | (11.0\%) | 4,147 | (14.2\%) | 4,146 | (14.2\%) |


|  | Net Income per Unit <br> (Yen) | Return on <br> Unitholders' Equity | Ordinary Income <br> to Total Assets | Ordinary Income to <br> Operating Revenues |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| The 20th fiscal period ended January 31, 2022 | 4,136 | $3.0 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ | $45.1 \%$ |
| The 19th fiscal period ended July 31, 2021 | 4,189 | $3.2 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ | $45.1 \%$ |

## (2) Distribution

|  | Distribution per <br> Unit (Excluding <br> Excess of <br> Earnings ) <br> (Yen) | Total Distributions <br> (Excluding Excess <br> of Earnings) <br> (Millions of Yen) | Distribution in <br> Excess of Earnings <br> per Unit (Yen) | Total Distributions <br> in Excess of <br> Earnings <br> (Millions of Yen) | Payout Ratio | Distribution Ratio <br> to Unitholders' <br> Equity |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The 20th fiscal period ended <br> January 31, 2022 | 4,101 | 4,084 | - | - | $99.1 \%$ | $3.0 \%$ |
| The 19th fiscal period ended <br> July 31, 2021 | 4,117 | 4,100 | - | - | $98.9 \%$ |  |

(Note 1) Total Distributions for the 20th fiscal period is not the same amount as Net Income because of excluding a part of gain on sale of real estate property and other adjustments from Net Income, and adding reversal of reserve for temporary difference adjustments.
(Note 2) Total Distributions for the 19th fiscal period is not the same amount as Net Income because of excluding a part of gain on sale of real estate property and other adjustments from Net Income, and adding reversal of reserve for temporary difference adjustments.
(Note 3) Due to issuance of new investment units in the 19th period, Payout Ratio for each fiscal period is calculated as follows. Payout Ratio $=$ Total Distributions $($ Excluding Excess of Earnings) $/$ Net income $\times 100$

This is an English-language translation of the key financials in the original Japanese announcement on our Web site released on March 16, 2022. However, no assurance or warranties are given with respect to the accuracy or completeness of this English-language translation. The Japanese original shall prevail in the case of discrepancies between this translation and the Japanese original.

## (3) Financial Position

|  | Total Assets <br> (Millions of Yen) | Unitholders' Equity <br> (Millions of Yen) | Unitholders' Equity to Total <br> Assets | Unitholders' Equity per Share <br> of Common Stock (Yen) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| As of January 31, 2022 | 302,410 | 135,790 | $44.9 \%$ |  |
| As of July 31, 2021 | 293,176 | 135,218 | $46.1 \%$ | 136,352 |

(4) Cash Flow Position

|  | Cash Flow from Operating <br> Activities <br> (Millions of Yen) | Cash Flow from Investing <br> Activities <br> (Millions of Yen) | Cash Flow from Financing <br> Activities <br> (Millions of Yen) | Cash and Cash Equivalents at <br> the End of the Period <br> (Millions of Yen) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The 20th fiscal period ended <br> January 31, 2022 | 6,135 | $-13,488$ | 4,799 | 24,982 |
| The 19th fiscal period ended <br> July 31, 2021 | 6,295 | $-7,721$ | 5,545 | 27,535 |

## 2. FORECAST OF RESULTS FOR THE FISCAL PERIOD ENDING JULY 31, 2022 (February 1, 2022 to July 31, 2022) AND JANUARY 31, 2023 (August 1, 2022 to January 31, 2023)

|  |  |  |  |  | (Percentages show period-on-period changes) |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
|  | Operating Revenues <br> (Millions of Yen) | Operating Income <br> (Millions of Yen)) | Ordinary Income <br> (Millions of Yen) | Net Income <br> (Millions of Yen) | Distribution per <br> Unit Excluding <br> Excess of Earning | Distribution in <br> Excess of Earnings <br> per Unit |  |
| The 21st fiscal period | 9,407 | 4,884 | 4,137 | 4,136 | 4,101 |  |  |
| ending July 31, 2022 | $(2.9 \%)$ | $(0.9 \%)$ | $(0.4 \%)$ | $(0.4 \%)$ | - |  |  |
| The 22nd fiscal period | 9,486 | 4,963 | 4,224 | 4,223 | 4,120 |  |  |
| ending January 31, 2023 | $(0.8 \%)$ | $(1.6 \%)$ | $(2.1 \%)$ | $(2.1 \%)$ |  |  |  |

(Reference) Estimated net income per unit (Estimated Net Income / Estimated weighted average number of units)
The 21st fiscal period ending July 31, $2022 ¥ 3,980 \quad$ The 22nd fiscal period ending January 31, $2023 \quad ¥ 4,039$
Distributions per Unit Excluding Excess of Earning are not the same amount as estimated net income per unit for the 21st and 22nd fiscal periods. Total distributions for the 21 st and 22 nd fiscal periods are calculated with the assumption adding reversal of reserve for temporary difference adjustments and amount including a part of retained earnings brought forward that were internally reserved through the previous fiscal period to the net income.
(Note) Distribution per unit is calculated based on the number of investment units issued and outstanding totaled 1,045,758 as of today.

## 3. OTHER

(1) Changes in Accounting Policies/Changes in Accounting Estimate/Retrospective Restatement
(a) Changes concerning accounting policy accompanying amendments to accounting standards: Yes
(b) Changes other than (a): No
(c) Changes in accounting estimate: No
(d) Retrospective restatement: No
(2) Number of Investment Unit Issued and Outstanding (including treasury units)
(a) Number of investment units issued and outstanding at the end of the period (including treasury units)

As of July 31, 2021: 995,883 units As of January 31, 2022: 995,883 units
(b) Number of treasury units at the end of the period

As of July 31, 2021: 0 units As of January 31, 2022: 0 units

## [Provisional Translation Only]

English translation of the original Japanese document is provided solely for information purposes. Should there be any discrepancies between this translation and the Japanese original, the latter shall prevail.

## 1. Financial Statements

(1) Balance Sheets


|  | (in thousands of yen) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 19th Fiscal Period(As of July 31, 2021) |  | 20th Fiscal Period <br> (As of January 31, 2022) |  |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Current liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Operating accounts payable |  | 671,687 |  | 655,849 |
| Short-term loans payable |  | - |  | 2,500,000 |
| Current portion of investment corporation bonds |  | 1,000,000 |  | - |
| Current portion of long-term loans payable |  | 21,950,000 |  | 19,750,000 |
| Accounts payable-other |  | 424,095 |  | 409,744 |
| Accrued expenses |  | 49,510 |  | 54,800 |
| Income taxes payable |  | 605 |  | 605 |
| Accrued consumption taxes |  | 66,020 |  | 31,944 |
| Advances received |  | 1,203,553 |  | 1,263,949 |
| Deposits received |  | 76,116 |  | 71,603 |
| Other |  | 12,261 |  | 6,636 |
| Total current liabilities |  | 25,453,849 |  | 24,745,132 |
| Noncurrent liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Investment corporation bonds |  | 7,700,000 |  | 7,700,000 |
| Long-term loans payable |  | 116,270,000 |  | 125,870,000 |
| Tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust |  | 3,396,104 |  | 3,464,769 |
| Tenant lump sum deposits in trust |  | 4,570,534 |  | 4,671,456 |
| Asset retirement obligations |  | 68,078 |  | 68,264 |
| Other |  | 499,957 |  | 100,012 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities |  | 132,504,674 |  | 141,874,503 |
| Total liabilities |  | 157,958,524 |  | 166,619,636 |
| Net assets |  |  |  |  |
| Unitholders' equity |  |  |  |  |
| Unitholders' capital |  | 116,322,630 |  | 116,322,630 |
| Surplus |  |  |  |  |
| Capital surplus |  | 13,187,100 |  | 13,187,100 |
| Voluntary retained earnings |  |  |  |  |
| Reserve for temporary difference adjustments | *2 | 1,900,000 | *2 | 1,880,000 |
| Total voluntary retained earnings |  | 1,900,000 |  | 1,880,000 |
| Unappropriated retained earnings (undisposed loss) |  | 4,296,284 |  | 4,335,589 |
| Total surplus |  | 19,383,384 |  | 19,402,689 |
| Total unitholders' equity |  | 135,706,015 |  | 135,725,319 |
| Valuation and translation adjustments |  |  |  |  |
| Deferred gains or losses on hedges |  | -487,588 |  | 65,386 |
| Total valuation and translation adjustments |  | -487,588 |  | 65,386 |
| Total net assets | *1 | 135,218,427 | *1 | 135,790,706 |
| Total liabilities and net assets |  | 293,176,951 |  | 302,410,342 |

(2) Statements of Income and Retained Earnings

|  | (in thousands of yen) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 19th Fiscal Period | 20th Fiscal Period |
| February 1, 2021 to | August 1, 2021 to |  |
| January 31, 2022 |  |  |


| Operating revenues |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rent revenue-real estate | *1 | 8,145,546 | *1 | 8,434,013 |
| Other lease business revenue | *1 | 612,776 | *1 | 528,925 |
| Gain on sale of real estate property | *2 | 437,537 | *2 | 180,124 |
| Total operating revenues |  | 9,195,861 |  | 9,143,063 |
| Operating expenses |  |  |  |  |
| Expenses related to rent business | *1 | 3,333,440 | *1 | 3,257,431 |
| Asset management fees |  | 668,991 |  | 684,755 |
| Asset custody fees |  | 15,034 |  | 15,460 |
| Administrative service fees |  | 50,368 |  | 51,082 |
| Directors' compensation |  | 8,100 |  | 5,400 |
| Other operating expenses |  | 297,440 |  | 288,082 |
| Total operating expenses |  | 4,373,375 |  | 4,302,212 |
| Operating income |  | 4,822,485 |  | 4,840,850 |
| Non-operating income |  |  |  |  |
| Interest income |  | 43 |  | 42 |
| Gain on forfeiture of unclaimed dividends |  | 397 |  | 141 |
| Consumption taxes refund |  | 43,287 |  | - |
| Interest on refund |  | 76 |  | - |
| Total non-operating income |  | 43,805 |  | 184 |
| Non-operating expenses |  |  |  |  |
| Interest expenses |  | 529,613 |  | 533,039 |
| Interest expenses on investment corporation bonds |  | 23,359 |  | 26,994 |
| Borrowing expenses |  | 130,855 |  | 134,043 |
| Amortization of investment corporation bond issuance costs |  | 4,505 |  | 3,968 |
| Amortization of investment unit issuance costs |  | 30,528 |  | 23,027 |
| Total non-operating expenses |  | 718,862 |  | 721,074 |
| Ordinary income |  | 4,147,428 |  | 4,119,960 |
| Income before income taxes |  | 4,147,428 |  | 4,119,960 |
| Income taxes |  |  |  |  |
| Current |  | 605 |  | 605 |
| Total income taxes |  | 605 |  | 605 |
| Net income |  | 4,146,823 |  | 4,119,355 |
| Retained earnings brought forward |  | 149,461 |  | 216,234 |
| Unappropriated retained earnings (undisposed loss) |  | 4,296,284 |  | 4,335,589 |

## (3) Statements of Changes in Net Assets



|  | Valuation and translation <br> adjustments |  | Total net <br> assets |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Deferred gains <br> and losses on <br> hedges | Total valuation <br> and translation <br> adjustments |  |
| Balance at the beginning of current period | $-522,600$ | $-522,600$ | $127,132,070$ |
| Changes of items during the period |  |  | $7,772,336$ |
| Issuance of new investment units |  |  | - |
| Reversal of reserve for temporary <br> difference adjustments |  |  | $-3,867,815$ |
| Dividends from surplus |  |  | $4,146,823$ |
| Net income |  |  | 35,012 |
| Net changes of items other than <br> unitholders' equity | 35,012 |  | 35,012 |


| 20th Fiscal Period August 1, 2021 to J | January 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  | (in thousands of yen) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unitholders' equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Unitholders' capital | Surplus |  |  |  |  | Total unitholders' equity |
|  |  | Voluntary reserve |  |  | Unappropriated retained earnings (undisposed loss) | Total surplus |  |
|  |  | Capital surplus | Reserve for temporary difference adjustments | Total voluntary reserve |  |  |  |
| Balance at the beginning of current period | 116,322,630 | 13,187,100 | 1,900,000 | 1,900,000 | 4,296,284 | 19,383,384 | 135,706,015 |
| Changes of items during the period |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reversal of reserve for temporary difference adjustments |  |  | -20,000 | -20,000 | 20,000 | - | - |
| Dividends from surplus |  |  |  |  | -4,100,050 | -4,100,050 | -4,100,050 |
| Net income |  |  |  |  | 4,119,355 | 4,119,355 | 4,119,355 |
| Net changes of items other than unitholders' equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total changes of items during the period | - | - | -20,000 | -20,000 | 39,304 | 19,304 | 19,304 |
| Balance at the end of current period | * 1 116,322,630 | 13,187,100 | 1,880,000 | 1,880,000 | 4,335,589 | 19,402,689 | 135,725,319 |


|  | Valuation and translation <br> adjustments |  | Total net <br> assets |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Deferred gains <br> and losses on <br> hedges | Total valuation <br> and translation <br> adjustments |  |
| Balance at the beginning of current period | $-487,588$ | $-487,588$ | $135,218,427$ |
| Changes of items during the period |  |  |  |
| Reversal of reserve for temporary <br> difference adjustments |  |  | - |
| Dividends from surplus |  |  | $-4,100,050$ |
| Net income |  |  | $4,119,355$ |
| Net changes of items other than <br> unitholders' equity | 552,974 | 552,974 | 552,974 |
| Total changes of items during the period | 552,974 | 552,974 | 572,279 |
| Balance at the end of current period | 65,386 | 65,386 | $135,790,706$ |

## (4) Distributions

|  | 19th Fiscal Period <br> (From February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021) | 20th Fiscal Period <br> (From August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I. Retained earnings at the end of period | $¥ 4,296,284,882$ | $¥ 4,335,589,580$ |
| II. Reversal of voluntary retained earnings Reversal of reserve for temporary difference adjustments *1 | ¥20,000,000 | ¥20,000,000 |
| III. Total distributions <br> Distributions per unit <br> IV. Retained earnings brought forward to the next period | $¥ 4,100,050,311$ | $¥ 4,084,116,183$ |
|  | $¥ 4,117$ | $¥ 4,101$ |
|  | $¥ 216,234,571$ | ¥271,473,397 |
| Method of calculating distribution amount | In accordance with the policy described in Article 38-1 of its Articles of Incorporation, the Investment Corporation determines that the amount of distribution shall exceed the amount equivalent to $90 \%$ of its distributable profit as stipulated in Article 67-15 of the Special Taxation Measures Law, and shall not exceed its accounting profits as the maximum amount. Following this policy, the Investment Corporation has decided that it shall distribute $¥ 4,100,050,311$, which is the amount deducted a part of gain on sale of real estate property and other adjustments from net income and added reversal of reserve for temporary difference adjustments, as the distribution of earnings. <br> Procedures for the distribution of amounts exceeding distributable income are outlined in Article 38-2 of the Investment Corporation's Articles of Incorporation. In the 19th fiscal period, the Investment Corporation has decided not to distribute cash in excess of distributable profit. | In accordance with the policy described in Article 38-1 of its Articles of Incorporation, the Investment Corporation determines that the amount of distribution shall exceed the amount equivalent to $90 \%$ of its distributable profit as stipulated in Article 67-15 of the Special Taxation Measures Law, and shall not exceed its accounting profits as the maximum amount. Following this policy, the Investment Corporation has decided that it shall distribute $¥ 4,084,116,183$, which is the amount deducted a part of gain on sale of real estate property and other adjustments from net income and added reversal of reserve for temporary difference adjustments, as the distribution of earnings. <br> Procedures for the distribution of amounts exceeding distributable income are outlined in Article 38-2 of the Investment Corporation's Articles of Incorporation. In the 20th fiscal period, the Investment Corporation has decided not to distribute cash in excess of distributable profit. |

(5) Statements of Cash Flows

|  | (in thousands of yen) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 19th Fiscal Period | 20th Fiscal Period |
|  | February 1, 2021 to | August 1, 2021 to |
|  | July 31, 2021 | January 31, 2022 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities |  |  |
| Income before income taxes | 4,147,428 | 4,119,960 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 1,547,032 | 1,590,604 |
| Amortization of investment corporation bond issuance expenses | 4,505 | 3,968 |
| Amortization of investment unit issuance costs | 30,528 | 23,027 |
| Interest income | -43 | -42 |
| Interest expenses | 552,973 | 560,034 |
| Decrease (increase) in operating accounts receivable | -77,134 | -68,012 |
| Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses | -6,246 | 5,512 |
| Increase (decrease) in operating accounts payable | -60,583 | 73,023 |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-other | 85,956 | -13,861 |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued consumption taxes | 30,091 | -34,076 |
| Increase (decrease) in advances received | 56,116 | 60,395 |
| Decrease (increase) in long-term prepaid expenses | 57,754 | -18,277 |
| Decrease in net property, plant and equipment held in trust due to sale | 631,984 | 379,169 |
| Other, net | -145,674 | 15,389 |
| Subtotal | 6,854,688 | 6,696,814 |
| Interest income received | 43 | 42 |
| Interest expenses paid | -559,047 | -560,700 |
| Income taxes (paid) refund | -605 | -604 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | 6,295,079 | 6,135,552 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities |  |  |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | - | -351 |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment in trust | -7,895,245 | -13,548,175 |
| Purchase of investment securities | - | -109,688 |
| Repayments of tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust | -179,176 | -126,302 |
| Proceeds from tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust | 400,972 | 194,966 |
| Repayments of tenant lump sum deposits in trust | -190,257 | -129,873 |
| Proceeds from tenant lump sum deposits in trust | 141,861 | 230,795 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | -7,721,844 | -13,488,628 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities |  |  |
| Increase in short-term loans payable | - | 2,500,000 |
| Repayments of short-term loans payable | -2,000,000 | - |
| Proceeds from long-term loans payable | 8,750,000 | 15,850,000 |
| Repayments of long-term loans payable | -6,750,000 | -8,450,000 |
| Proceeds from issuance of investment corporation bond | 1,684,522 | - |
| Redemption of investment corporation bonds | - | -1,000,000 |
| Proceeds from issuance of investment units | 7,728,578 | - |
| Dividends paid | -3,867,656 | -4,100,193 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | 5,545,445 | 4,799,806 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 4,118,679 | -2,553,270 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period | 23,417,194 | 27,535,874 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period | *1 27,535,874 | *1 24,982,604 |

## (6) Notes to the Going Concern

Not applicable

## (7) Important Accounting Standards

\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|l|}\hline \text { 1. Depreciation of fixed assets } & \begin{array}{r}\text { (1) Property, plant and equipment (includes trust assets) } \\
\text { The straight-line method is applied. } \\
\text { Useful lives of the assets ranging are as follows: } \\
\text { Buildings: } 2 \text { to } 69 \text { years } \\
\text { Structures: } 3 \text { to } 65 \text { years } \\
\text { Machinery and equipment: } 3 \text { to 40 years } \\
\text { Tools, furniture and fixtures: } 2 \text { to 30 years }\end{array}
$$ <br>
\hline (2) Intangible assets(includes trust assets) <br>
The straight-line method is applied. <br>

Land leasehold: Fixed term land leaseholds is amortized over a contractual period under the straight-line method.\end{array}\right\}\)| (3) Long-term prepaid expenses |
| :--- |
| The straight-line method is applied. |

## (Notes on Change in Accounting Policy)

1. Application of Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition, Etc.

The Investment Corporation decided to apply the "Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" (ASBJ Statement No. 29 issued on March 31, 2020. "the Revenue Recognition Accounting Standard"), etc. from the beginning of the current calculation period, and recognize revenue based on the amount which is expected to be received in exchange for the promised goods and services when the control of such goods and services is transferred to customers. This has minimal impact on the financial statement for the current calculation period.
Moreover, in accordance with the transitional treatment stipulated in Paragraph 89-3 of the Revenue Recognition Accounting Standard, the notes "related to revenue recognition" for the previous calculation period are not indicated.
2. Application of Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement, Etc.

The Investment Corporation decided to apply the "Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Statement No. 30 issued on July 4, 2019. "the Fair Value Measurement Accounting Standard"), etc. from the beginning of the current calculation period, and apply the new ac counting policy stipulated in the Fair Value Measurement Accounting Standard, etc. over the future in accordance with the transitional treatment stipulated in Paragraph 19 of the Fair Value Measurement Accounting Standard and Paragraph 44-2 of the "Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments" (ASBJ Statement No. 10 issued on July 4, 2019). This has minimal impact on the financial statement for the current calculation period.

## (8) Notes to the Financial Statements

(Notes to the Balance Sheets)

* 1. Minimum unitholders' equity pursuant to Article 67-4 of the Law Concerning Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations Law (in thousands of yen)

| As of July 31, 2021 |  | As of January 31, 2022 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

*2. Reserve for temporary difference adjustments
19th Fiscal Period (As of July 31, 2021)

| The following summarizes reserve for temporary difference adjustments. |  |  | (in thousands of yen) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Initial amount | Balance at <br> the beginning <br> of the period | Reserve <br> during the | Reversal <br> during the | Balance at <br> the end of <br> neriod | period |


|  |  | of the period | period | period | the period | reversal |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Gain on negative good will* | $2,000,000$ | $1,920,000$ | - | 20,000 | $1,900,000$ | Appropriate for <br> distribution |

* The Investment Corporation has reserved a part of gain on negative goodwill in the 13 th fiscal period as reserve for temporary difference adjustments. At least $1 \%$ of the initial amount in equal installments over 50 years ( 100 fiscal periods) will be reversed every fiscal period starting from the next fiscal period after the period, in which the initial amount was reserved.

20th Fiscal Period (As of January 31, 2022)

| The following summarizes reserve for temporary difference adjustments. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Initial amount | Balance at <br> the beginning <br> of the period | Reserve <br> during the <br> period | Reversal <br> during the <br> period | Balance at <br> the end of <br> the period | Reason for reserve and <br> reversal |
| Gain on negative good will* | $2,000,000$ | $1,900,000$ | - | 20,000 | $1,880,000$ | Appropriate for <br> distribution |

* The Investment Corporation has reserved a part of gain on negative goodwill in the 13th fiscal period as reserve for temporary difference adjustments. At least $1 \%$ of the initial amount in equal installments over 50 years ( 100 fiscal periods) will be reversed every fiscal period starting from the next fiscal period after the period, in which the initial amount was reserved.

3. Commitment line contracts

KDR has commitment line contracts with the banks with which it does business.

|  | As of July 31, 2021 | As of January 31, 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Total amount of commitment line contracts | $4,500,000$ | $4,500,000$ |
| Balance of loans payable outstanding | - | - |
| Remaining amount | $4,500,000$ | $4,500,000$ |

[^0]* 1. Breakdown of real estate rental business profit and loss
(in thousands of yen)

|  | (in thousands of yen) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | From February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021 | From August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022 |
| A. Rental and other operating revenues: |  |  |
| Rental revenues | 7,783,762 | 8,059,188 |
| Common area charges | 361,784 | 374,825 |
| Subtotal | 8,145,546 | 8,434,013 |
| Others: |  |  |
| Parking space rental revenues | 209,493 | 211,358 |
| Miscellaneous | 403,283 | 317,566 |
| Subtotal | 612,776 | 528,925 |
| Total rental and other operating revenues | 8,758,323 | 8,962,938 |
| B. Property-related expenses: |  |  |
| Property management fees and facility management fees | 482,452 | 461,343 |
| Utilities | 93,519 | 105,032 |
| Taxes | 533,686 | 532,192 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 365,133 | 316,759 |
| Insurance | 13,681 | 15,603 |
| Trust fees | 58,580 | 59,827 |
| Depreciation | 1,546,256 | 1,589,828 |
| Others | 240,128 | 176,844 |
| Total property-related expenses | 3,333,440 | 3,257,431 |
| C. Net operating income (A-B) | 5,424,883 | 5,705,506 |

*2. Gain and Loss on sale of real estate property
19th Fiscal Period (February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021)

|  | (in thousands of yen) |
| :--- | ---: |
| KDX Residence Sendagaya |  |
| Revenue from sale of the investment property | $1,110,000$ |
| Costs of the investment property | 631,984 |
| Other sales expenses | 40,478 |
| Gain on sale of real estate property | 437,537 |

20th Fiscal Period (August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022)

| KDX Residence Tobu Nerima | (in thousands of yen) |
| :--- | ---: |
| Revenue from sale of the investment property | 580,000 |
| Costs of the investment property | 379,169 |
| Other sales expenses | 20,705 |
| Gain on sale of real estate property | 180,124 |

## (Notes to the Statements of Changes in Net Assets)

* 1. Total number of authorized investment units and total number of investment units issued and outstanding are as follows:

|  | From February 1, 2021 <br> to July 31, 2021 | From August 1, 2021 <br> to January 31, 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Total number of authorized investment units | $10,000,000$ units | $10,000,000$ units |
| Total number of investment units issued and outstanding | 995,883 units | 995,883 units |

## (Notes to Distributions)

19th Fiscal Period (February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021)
*1. Reserve for temporary difference adjustments
The Investment Corporation has reserved $¥ 2,000,000,000$ as reserve for temporary difference adjustments from gain on negative goodwill in the 13 th fiscal period. At least $1 \%$ of the initial amount in equal installments over 50 years ( 100 fiscal periods) will be reversed every fiscal period applied to distribution starting from the 14th fiscal period distribution. It has been decided that $¥ 20,000,000$ shall be reversed and applied to distribution in the 19th fiscal period distribution.

20th Fiscal Period (August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022)
*1. Reserve for temporary difference adjustments
The Investment Corporation has reserved $¥ 2,000,000,000$ as reserve for temporary difference adjustments from gain on negative goodwill in the 13 th fiscal period. At least $1 \%$ of the initial amount in equal installments over 50 years ( 100 fiscal periods) will be reversed every fiscal period applied to distribution starting from the 14th fiscal period distribution. It has been decided that $¥ 20,000,000$ shall be reversed and applied to distribution in the 20th fiscal period distribution.
(Notes to the Statements of Cash Flow)

* 1. Reconciliation of balance sheet items to cash and cash equivalents at end of period in the cash flows statements

|  | As of July 31, 2021 | (in thousands of yen) |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Cash and deposits | $16,724,647$ | $13,828,613$ |
| Cash and deposits in trust | $10,811,226$ | $11,153,990$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents | $27,535,874$ | $24,982,604$ |

(Notes to the Lease Transactions)
Operating lease transactions (Lessee)
Unearned lease payments

|  | (in thousands of yen) |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Due in 1 year | As of July 31, 2021 | As of January 31, 2022 |
| Due after 1 year | 12,000 | 12,000 |
| Total | 527,000 | 521,000 |

Operating lease transactions (Lessor)
Unearned lease payments

|  | (in thousands of yen) |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Due in 1 year | As of July 31, 2021 | As of January 31, 2022 |
| Due after 1 year | $6,078,634$ | $5,941,594$ |
| Total | $13,592,410$ | $14,709,787$ |

(Notes to the Financial Instruments)
(A). Overview
(1) Policy for financial instruments

The Investment Corporation procures funds for asset acquisitions, repairs, payment of distributions, repayment of loans, etc. through loans from financial institutions, issuance of investment corporation bonds, issuance of investment units and other means. With regard to the procurement of interest-bearing debts, the Investment Corporation ensures that it can effectively combine stable long-term funds with flexible short-term funds. Management of surplus funds is undertaken through various bank deposits focusing on safety, liquidity and effectiveness. The Investment Corporation uses derivatives for the purpose of hedging its exposure to changes in interest rates and other risks and does not enter into derivative transactions for speculative or trading purposes.
(2) Types of financial instruments and related risk

Bank deposits are for managing the Investment Corporation's surplus funds and are exposed to credit risk such as the bankruptcy of financial institutions at which funds are deposited. Borrowings and investment corporation bonds are made primarily for the purpose of procuring funds for the acquisition of real estate and trust beneficiary interests in real estate and have a repayment date of a maximum of 9 years and 10 months for borrowings and also have a redemption date of a maximum of 9 years and 4 months for investment corporation bonds as of January 31,2022 , the end of the 20th fiscal period, are exposed to liquidity risk where alternative funds may not be procured by the repayment date. Also, borrowings with floating interest rates are exposed to interest rate fluctuation risk. Derivatives are used for the purpose of hedging interest rate fluctuation risk for a certain portion of the borrowings.
(3) Risk management for financial instruments
a. Credit risk

While bank deposits are exposed to credit risk such as the bankruptcy of financial institutions at which funds are deposited, such risk is monitored by deposits in noninterest bearing ordinary savings accounts or with financial institutions with credit ratings above a certain level. To manage this credit risk, the Investment Corporation regularly evaluates the results of operations and the financial condition of the issuer, etc. In utilizing derivatives, the Investment Corporation aims to mitigate counterparty risk such as by transacting with financial institutions with favorable ratings.

## b. Market risk

While borrowings with floating rates are exposed to interest rate volatility risk, such risk is monitored by adjusting the rate of the balance of borrowings with floating rates against the total borrowings according to the financial environment, interest rate forecasts by continuous monitoring, etc. and by using derivatives, etc. A risk management policy is established with regard to the execution and management of derivatives and such transactions are conducted based on this policy.

## c. Liquidity risk

Though borrowings are subject to liquidity risk, the Investment Corporation reduces such risk by spreading out payment due dates and by diversifying financial institutions. Liquidity risk is also managed by such means as regularly checking the balance of cash reserves.

## (4) Supplementary explanation of the estimated fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is based on their quoted market price, if available. When there is no quoted market price available, fair value is reasonably estimated. Since various assumptions and factors are reflected in estimating the fair value, different assumptions and factors could result in a different fair value.
(B). Estimated Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of financial instruments on the balance sheet as of July 31, 2021 and estimated fair value are shown in the following table. Moreover, because "Cash and deposits," "Cash and deposits in trust" and "Short-term loans payable" are settled with cash in the short term, the fair value can be considered as equivalent to the book value. Therefore, the notes for these accounts have been omitted.

As of July 31, 2021


[^1]As of January 31, 2022

 |  | (in thousands of yen) |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | Carrying amount |
| Estimated fair value | - |
| (1) Current portion of investment corporation bonds |  |

* Figures indicate net amount of derivative assets/liabilities derived from derivative transactions, with minus representing net liabilities.

Note 1: Methods to determine the estimated fair value of financial instruments and matters related to derivative transactions
Liabilities
(1) Current portion of investment corporation bonds and (3) Investment corporation bonds

The fair value of investment corporation bonds is based on market prices.

## (2) Current portion of long-term loans payable and (4) Long-term loans payable

Among these items, the fair value of loans payable with fixed interest rates is calculated based on the present value, which is the total amount of principal and interest discounted by the estimated interest rate to be applied in the event that the Investment Corporation conducts new borrowings of the same type. As for the fair value of loans payable with floating interest rates, it is based on the carrying amount since market interest rates are reflected in the short term and the fair value is believed to approximate the carrying amount as the credit standing of the Investment Corporation has not changed significantly since the loans were made. (However, the fair value of long-term loans payable subject to the special treatment for interest-rate swaps is based on the present value of the total of principal and interest, accounted for together with the applicable interest-rate swaps, discounted by the estimated interest rate to be applied in the event that the Investment Corporation conducts new borrowings of the same type.)

Derivative transactions
Please refer to "Notes to the Derivative Transactions".

Note2: Equity interests in silent partnership
Notes as stipulated in Paragraph 4 (1) of "Implementation Guidance on Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments" (ASBJ Guidance No. 19, revised on March 31,2020 ) are not disclosed by applying the treatment stipulated in paragraph 27 of "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Guidance No. 31, revised on July 4, 2019). The balance sheet amounts of investment in partnerships to which the above treatment is applied is 109,688 thousand yen as of January 31, 2022.

Note 3: Redemption schedule for loans payable and investment corporation bonds

As of July 31, 2021

| (in thousands of yen) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Due in 1 year or <br> less | Due after 1 year <br> through 2 years | Due after 2 years <br> through 3 years | Due after 3 years <br> through 4 years | Due after 4 years <br> through 5 years | Due after 5 years |
| Investment corporation bonds | $1,000,000$ | - | $1,000,000$ | - | - | $6,700,000$ |
| Long-term loans payable | $21,950,000$ | $13,350,000$ | $15,850,000$ | $16,350,000$ | $19,000,000$ | $51,720,000$ |
| Total | $22,950,000$ | $13,350,000$ | $16,850,000$ | $16,350,000$ | $19,000,000$ | $58,420,000$ |

As of January 31, 2022

|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Due in } 1 \text { year or } \\ \text { less } \end{gathered}$ | Due after 1 year through 2 years | Due after 2 years through 3 years | Due after 3 years through 4 years | Due after 4 years through 5 years | Due after 5 years |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Investment corporation bonds | - | 1,000,000 | - | - | 1,000,000 | 5,700,000 |
| Long-term loans payable | 19,750,000 | 15,900,000 | 16,900,000 | 16,700,000 | 21,300,000 | 55,070,000 |
| Total | 19,750,000 | 16,900,000 | 16,900,000 | 16,700,000 | 22,300,000 | 60,770,000 |

(Notes to the Investment securities)
19th Fiscal Period (February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021): Not applicable
20th Fiscal Period (August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022):
Based on Article 8-6-2, paragraph 3 of the Regulations on Financial Statements, note disclosures defined in item 2 of the said paragraph for equity interests in silent
partnerships (Book value: 109,688 thousand yen) are omitted.

## (Notes on Revenue Recognition)

1. Information on the Breakdown of Revenue from Contracts with Customers

20th Fiscal Period (August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022)

|  | Revenue from contracts with customers * | Net sales to external customers |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Revenue from sale of real estate, etc. | 580,000 thousand yen | 180,124 thousand yen |
| Utility charge reimbursement | 43,262 thousand yen | 43,262 thousand yen |
| Other | - thousand yen | $8,919,676$ thousand yen |
| Total | 623,262 thousand yen | $9,143,063$ thousand yen |

* The rental revenues, etc. subject to the "Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions" (ASBJ Statement No. 13) and the sale of real estate, etc. subject to the "Practical Guidelines on Accounting by Transferors for Securitization of Real Estate Using Special Purpose Companies" (Accounting System Committee Report No. 15 of the Japanese Institute of Certified Public Accountants) are not included in the above amount as they are not applied to the Revenue Recognition Accounting Standard. Moreover, the main revenue from contracts with customers are revenue from sale of real estate, etc. and utility charge reimbursement.

2. Information Utilized as the Base for Understanding Revenue from Contracts with Customers

20th Fiscal Period (August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022)
The information is as described in the notes on important accounting standards.
3. Information on Relationship of Fulfillment of Performance Obligations Based on Contracts with Customers with Cashflow Generated from Said Contracts and Amount and Period of Revenue Expected to Be Recognized in the Next Calculation Period or Thereafter from Contracts with Customers Existing at the End of the Current Calculation Period
(1) Balance of contract assets and contract liabilities, etc.

|  | 20th Fiscal Period <br> (August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022) |
| :--- | ---: |
| Claims generated from contracts with customers <br> (balance at beginning of fiscal year) | 3,830 thousand yen |
| Claims generated from contracts with customers <br> (balance at end of fiscal year) | 2,969 thousand yen |
| Contract assets (balance at beginning of fiscal year) | - yen |
| Contract assets (balance at end of fiscal year) | - yen |
| Contract liabilities (balance at beginning of fiscal year) | - yen |
| Contract liabilities (balance at end of fiscal year) | - yen |

(2) Transaction value allocated to remaining performance obligations

Not applicable.
The Investment Corporation does not include contracts whose terms are initially expected to be less than one year as a target of the note on transaction value allocated to remaining performance obligations as an expedient in practice.
With regard to utility charge reimbursements, as the Investment Corporation has the right to receive from customers an amount directly corresponding to the value for the lessees, or customers, of sections for which performance is complete by the end of the fiscal period, the amount it has the right to claim is recognized as revenue in accordance with Paragraph 19 of the Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition. Accordingly, such is not included in the note on transaction value allocated to remaining performance obligations through application of the provisions of Paragraph 80-22 (2) of the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition.
(Notes to the Derivative Transactions)
(1) Transactions not subject to hedge accounting

As of July 31, 2021 and as of January 31, 2022: Not applicable
(2) Transactions subject to hedge accounting

As of July 31, 2021

| Hedge accounting method | Type of derivative transactions | Hedged items | Contract amount (in thousands of yen) |  | Fair value (in thousands of yen) | Calculation method for applicable fair value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Maturing after 1 year |  |  |
| Accounting method, in principle | Interest rate swap transaction: Receive/floating and pay/fixed | Long-term loans payable | 82,870,000 | 78,370,000 | -487,588 | Based on the amount provided by counterparty financial institutions |
| Special treatment of interest-rate swaps | Interest rate swap transaction: Receive/floating and pay/fixed | Long-term loans payable | 30,850,000 | 16,700,000 | * | - |
|  |  | Total | 113,720,000 | 95,070,000 | -487,588 |  |

*Interest rate swaps for which the special treatment is applied are accounted for together with the underlying hedged item. As a result, their fair value is included in the fair value of the hedged long-term loans payable.

As of January 31, 2022

| Hedge accounting method | Type of derivative transactions | Hedged items | Contract amount (in thousands of yen) |  | Fair value (in thousands of yen) | Calculation method for applicable fair value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Maturing after 1 year |  |  |
| Accounting method, in principle | Interest rate swap transaction: Receive/floating and pay/fixed | Long-term loans payable | 91,320,000 | 84,920,000 | 65,386 | Based on the amount provided by counterparty financial institutions |
| Special treatment of interest-rate swaps | Interest rate swap transaction: Receive/floating and pay/fixed | Long-term loans payable | 24,200,000 | 13,950,000 | * | - |
|  |  | Total | 115,520,000 | 98,870,000 | 65,386 |  |

*Interest rate swaps for which the special treatment is applied are accounted for together with the underlying hedged item. As a result, their fair value is included in the fair value of the hedged long-term loans payable.
(Notes to the Related-Party Transactions)

1. Parent Company, major corporate unitholders and other

19th Fiscal Period (February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021) and 20th Fiscal Period (August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022): Not applicable
2. Affiliated companies and other

19th Fiscal Period (February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021) and 20th Fiscal Period (August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022): Not applicable
3. Fellow subsidiary companies and other

19th Fiscal Period (February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021) and 20th Fiscal Period (August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022): Not applicable
4. Directors, major individual unitholders and other

19th Fiscal Period (February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021) and 20th Fiscal Period (August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022): Not applicable
(Notes to the Tax-Effect Accounting)
The significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities:
(in thousands of yen)

|  | As of July 31, 2021 | As of January 31,2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Deferred tax assets: |  |  |
| Valuation difference on other assets acquired by merger | 644,993 | 628,384 |
| Deferred gains or losses on hedges | 157,409 | 31,684 |
| Asset retirement obligations | 21,417 | 21,476 |
| Amortization of leasehold right in trust | 2,351 | 2,894 |
| Other | 20 | 20 |
| Subtotal deferred tax assets | 826,192 | 684,459 |


| Valuation allowance | $-826,192$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Total deferred tax assets | $-684,459$ |
| Net deferred tax assets | - |

The significant differences between the statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate:

|  | From February 1, 2021 <br> to July 31, 2021 | From August 1, 2021 <br> to January 31, 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Statutory tax rate | $31.46 \%$ | $31.46 \%$ |
| Deductible cash distributions | $-31.09 \%$ | $-31.10 \%$ |
| Others | $-0.36 \%$ | $-0.35 \%$ |
| Effective tax rate | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |

(Notes to Asset Retirement Obligations)
Asset retirement obligations reported on balance sheets

1. Summary of the asset retirement obligations

KDR has recognized the original state restoration obligations assumed under the general fixed-term land leasehold agreement as the asset retirement obligations in connection with Arute Ishiyagawa on June 3, 2019.
2. Method of calculating asset retirement obligations

Asset retirement obligations are calculated based on a discount rate of $0.54711 \%$ after the useful life has been estimated to be 47 years and one month based on the time period from the date of acquisition to the expiration of the agreement.
3. Changes in the amount of applicable asset retirement obligations consisted of the following

|  | (in thousands of yen) |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| From February 1, 2021 <br> to July 31, 2021 | From August 1, 2021 <br> to January 31, 2022 |  |
| Balance at the beginning of period | 67,892 | 68,078 |
| Accretion adjustment | 185 | 186 |
| Balance at the end of period | 68,078 | 68,264 |

(Notes to the Investment and Rental Properties)
The Investment Corporation owns real estate for rental purposes in the Tokyo Metropolitan Area and other regional areas for the purpose of generating rental revenues. The book value and fair value concerning the above real estate for rental purposes are as follows.

|  |  | (in thousands of yen) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | From February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021 | From August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022 |
| Book value |  |  |
| Balance at the beginning of period | 258,384,330 | 264,204,787 |
| Changes during the period | 5,820,457 | 11,490,651 |
| Balance at the end of period | 264,204,787 | 275,695,438 |
| Fair value at the end of period | 323,918,000 | 344,484,000 |

Note 1: Book value excludes accumulated depreciation from acquisition costs.
Note 2: Among changes in the amount of real estate for rental purposes that occurred during the 19th fiscal period, the principal increase was the acquisition of real estate trust beneficiary interests in 5 properties totaling $¥ 7,340,422$ thousand, and the principal decrease was the sales of real estate trust beneficiary interests in 1 property totaling $¥ 631,984$ thousand and depreciation of $¥ 1,546,070$ thousand and during the 20th fiscal period, the principal increase was the acquisition of real estate trust beneficiary interests in 5 properties totaling $¥ 12,816,688$ thousand, and the principal decrease was the sales of real estate trust beneficiary interests in 1 property totaling $¥ 379,169$ thousand and depreciation of $¥ 1,589,641$
thousand.
Note 3: The fair value at the end of the period is the appraisal value determined by outside appraisers.

Income and loss for real estate rental business in the fiscal periods ended July 31, 2021 and January 31, 2022 for real estate for rental purposes is listed in "Notes to the Statements of Income and Retained Earnings".
(Notes to the Segment Information)
Segment information for the periods from February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021 and from August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022, is as follows:
(A) Segment information

Disclosure is omitted because the real estate leasing business is the Investment Corporation's sole business and it has no reportable segment subject to disclosure.
(B) Related information
(1) Information about each product and service

Disclosure is omitted because net sales to external customers for a single product/service category account for over $90 \%$ of the operating revenue on the statement of income and retained earnings.
(2) Information about each geographic area
(a) Net sales

Disclosure is omitted because net sales to external customers in Japan account for over $90 \%$ of the operating revenue on the statement of income and retained earnings.
(b) Property, plant and equipment

Disclosure is omitted because the amount of property, plant and equipment located in Japan accounts for over $90 \%$ of the amount of property, plant and equipment on the balance sheet.
(3) Information about each major customer

Disclosure is omitted because net sales to a single external customer account for less than $10 \%$ of the operating revenue on the statement of income and retained earnings.
(Notes to Per Unit Information)

|  | From February 1, 2021 <br> to July 31, 2021 | From August 1, 2021 <br> to January 31, 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Net asset value per unit | $¥ 135,777$ | $¥ 136,352$ |
| Net income per unit | $¥ 4,189$ | $¥ 4,136$ |

Note 1: Net income per unit is calculated by dividing net income by the day-weighted average number of investment units outstanding during the period. Net income per unit after adjusting for residual units is not included because there were no residual investment units.
Note 2: The basis for calculating net income per unit is as follows:

|  | From August 1, 2020 <br> to July 31, 2021 | From February 1, 2021 <br> to January 31, 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Net income (in thousands of yen) | $4,146,823$ | $4,119,355$ |
| Net income not available to ordinary unitholders (in thousands of yen) | - | - |
| Net income available to ordinary unitholders (in thousands of yen) | $4,146,823$ | $4,119,355$ |
| Weighted average number of units during the period (units) | 989,825 | 995,883 |

(Notes to Important Subsequent Events)
19th Fiscal Period (February 1, 2021 to July 31, 2021)
Not applicable

20th Fiscal Period (August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022)
Issuance of New Investment Units
On February 14, 2022 and February 17, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Investment Corporation resolved to issue new investment units as the funds for acquiring specified assets and other use. Payments for the issuance of new investment units through public offering and third-party allotment have been completed on February 24 , 2022 and March 10, 2022, respectively.
As a result of the issuance of new investment units, the Investment Corporation had total unitholders’ capital of $¥ 125,564,617,378$ with $1,045,758$ investment units outstanding as of March 10, 2022
(Issuance of New Investment Units through Public Offering)
Issuance of new investment units : 47,500 units
Issue price (Offer price) : $¥ 191,490$ per unit
Aggregate issue price (Total offer price) : ¥9,095,775,000
Issue amount (Paid-in value) : $¥ 185,303$ per unit
Total issue amount (Aggregate paid-in value) : $¥ 8,801,892,500$
Payment date : February 24, 2022
(Issuance of New Investment Units through Third-Party Allotment)
Issuance of new investment units : 2,375 units
Issue amount (Paid-in value) : $¥ 185,303$ per unit
Total issue amount (Aggregate paid-in value) : $¥ 440,094,625$
Payment date : March 10, 2022
Allottee : SMBC Nikko Securities Inc.

| Reference】 |  | Earnings Performance for the Individual Properties for the 20th Fiscal Period (August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022) : 184 days ※As of January 31, 2022 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Property N |  | T-1 | T-3 | T-4 | T-5 | T-6 | T-7 | T-9 | T-10 | T-11 | T-12 | T-13 | T-15 | T-16 |
| Property Name |  | KDX Daikanyama Residence | KDX Odemma Residence | KDX Iwamotocho Residence | $\begin{gathered} \text { KDX Bunkyo } \\ \text { Sengoky } \\ \text { Residence } \end{gathered}$ | KDX Azumabashi Residence | $\begin{gathered} \text { KDX Shimura } \\ \text { Sakaue Residence } \end{gathered}$ | Cosmo Heim Motosumiyoshi | KDX Musashi Nakahara Residence | KDX Chiba Chuo Residence | KDX Kawaguchi Saiwai-cho Residence | KDX Residence Shirokane ! | KDX Residence Shirokane II | KDX Residence Minami-aoyama |
| Acquisition Date |  | May 1, 2012 | May 1, 2012 | May 1, 2012 | May 1, 2012 | May 1, 2012 | May 1, 2012 | April 26, 2012 | May 1, 2012 | May 1, 2012 | May 1, 2012 | August 7, 2013 | August 7, 2013 | August 7, 2013 |
|  | Acquisition price ( In millions of yen) | 4,700 | 1,775 | 822 | 1,488 | 650 | 2,830 | 2,087 | 637 | 1,480 | 1,150 | 3,000 | 2,800 | 2,230 |
|  | Percentage of total portfolio | 1.7\% | 0.6\% | 0.3\% | 0.5\% | 0.2\% | 1.0\% | 0.8\% | 0.2\% | 0.5\% | 0.4\% | 1.1\% | 1.0\% | 0.8\% |
|  | Net book value ( In millions of yen) | 4,717 | 1,663 | 763 | 1,430 | 595 | 2,578 | 2,155 | 642 | 1,242 | 1,164 | 3,069 | 2,849 | 2,256 |
|  | Appraisal value at the end of period (In millions of yen ) Percentage of total appraisal value | $\begin{array}{r} 7,210 \\ 2.1 \% \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline 2,600 \\ 0.8 \% \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,160 \\ 0.3 \% \end{gathered}$ | 2,030 $0.6 \%$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 1,100 \\ 0.3 \% \end{array}$ | 3,940 $1.1 \%$ | 2,460 $0.7 \%$ | 796 $0.2 \%$ | 1,870 $0.5 \%$ | 1,630 $0.5 \%$ | 4,080 $1.2 \%$ | 4,050 $1.2 \%$ | 2,710 $0.8 \%$ |
|  | Number of leasable residential units | 86 | 54 | 36 | 77 | 41 | 85 | 180 | 35 | 106 | 61 | 50 | 85 | 20 |
|  | Leasable floor area (m) | 5,338.99 | 2,353.23 | 1,131.24 | 2,054.10 | 1,054.83 | 6,117.48 | 4,538.04 | 2,123.46 | 3,546.91 | 2,491.66 | 3,617.32 | 2,889.66 | 1,680.79 |
|  | Leased floor area (m) | 5,089.36 | 2,353.23 | 1,036.97 | 2,008.81 | 1,007.35 | 6,047.46 | 4,184.23 | 2,062.98 | 3,438.51 | 2,376.28 | 3,617.32 | 2,807.99 | 1,057.30 |
|  | Occupancy ratio (Notel) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | As of January 31, 2022 | 95.3\% | 100.0\% | 91.7\% | 97.8\% | 95.5\% | 98.9\% | 92.2\% | 97.2\% | 96.9\% | 95.4\% | 100.0\% | 97.2\% | 62.9\% |
|  | As of July 31, 2021 | 90.9\% | 98.2\% | 90.9\% | 94.8\% | 93.2\% | 100.0\% | 93.9\% | 100.0\% | 98.1\% | 98.3\% | 98.6\% | 95.2\% | 73.1\% |
|  | As of January 31, 2021 | 89.6\% | 94.6\% | 95.2\% | 94.0\% | 95.5\% | 98.9\% | 96.7\% | 100.0\% | 95.3\% | 96.6\% | 96.3\% | 98.1\% | 93.5\% |
|  | As of July 31, 2020 | 99.0\% | 98.2\% | 98.0\% | 97.8\% | 100.0\% | 98.9\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 99.3\% | 96.5\% | 98.6\% | 97.8\% | 93.5\% |
|  | As of January 31, 2020 | 7.0\% | 8.2\% | 100.0\% | 97.5\% | 97.7\% | 97.8\% | 100.0\% | 97.2\% | 96.9\% | 98.3\% | 100.0\% | 97.0\% | 89.1\% |
|  | As of July 31, 2019 | 98.7\% | 6.4\% | 8.0\% | 100.0\% | 95.5\% | 98.6\% | 100.0\% | 94.3\% | 98.1\% | 96.6\% | 98.7\% | 95.4\% | 100.0\% |
|  | As of January 31, 2019 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 95.5\% | 98.8\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 97.7\% | 95.3\% | 96.6\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
|  | As of July 31, 2018 | 100.0\% | 96.1\% | 100.0\% | 97.6\% | 90.7\% | 95.1\% | 100.0\% | 94.3\% | 93.4\% | 96.6\% | 97.6\% | 98.9\% | 95.8\% |
|  | As of January 31, 2018 | 98.2\% | 100.0\% | 98.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 94.3\% | 95.5\% | 98.3\% | 98.8\% | 98.8\% | 70.8\% |
|  | As of July 31, 2017 | 98.9\% | 96.2\% | 90.9\% | 100.0\% | 95.4\% | 96.6\% | 100.0\% | 97.2\% | 95.1\% | 95.9\% | 97.2\% | 95.8\% | 95.8\% |
|  | Operating periods | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days |
|  | (1)Rental and other operating revenues (In thousands <br> Rental revenues <br> Other operating revenues <br> (2)er | 159,593 | 60,431 | 27,327 | 49,443 | 25,635 | 108,252 | 70,164 | 26,145 | 63,170 | 49,538 | 114,520 | 88,564 | 43,649 |
|  |  | 145,691 | 57,217 | 25,643 | 45,744 | 23,427 | 97,531 | 61,363 | 25,019 | 58,499 | 46,007 | 96,720 | 82,066 | 42,182 |
|  |  | 13,902 | 3,214 | 1,683 | 3,698 | 2,208 | 10,720 | 8,800 | 1,126 | 4,670 | 3,531 | 17,799 | 6,497 | 1,467 |
|  | (2)Property-related expenses ( In thousands of yen) | 31,811 | 10,573 | 6,453 | 10,833 | 5,977 | 19,993 | 18,356 | 5,194 | 13,405 | 10,576 | 32,195 | 22,822 | 9,789 |
|  | Property management fees | 10,909 | 4,368 | 2,352 | 3,569 | 2,658 | 6,861 | 4,471 | 2,114 | 3,673 | 2,770 | 7,079 | 6,525 | 3,264 |
|  | Taxes | 9,150 | 2,902 | 1,252 | 2,518 | 1,222 | 5,516 | 4,528 | 1,611 | 3,762 | 2,759 | 8,457 | 4,893 | 3,718 |
|  | Utilities | 3,393 | 92 | 310 | 677 | 469 | 1,539 | 6,387 | 395 | 760 | 682 | 13,122 | 1,653 | 890 |
|  | Repairs and maintenance | 2,856 | 1,216 | 1,310 | 2,219 | 916 | 4,368 | 2,371 | 533 | 2,934 | 3,118 | 2,031 | 5,505 | 1,123 |
|  | Insurance | 230 | 69 | 33 | 61 | 34 | 166 | 128 | 52 | 110 | 73 | 182 | 128 | 51 |
|  | Trust fees and other expenses | 5,270 | 1,523 | 1,193 | 1,787 | 676 | 1,539 | 468 | 486 | 2,162 | 1,172 | 1,324 | 4,116 | 739 |
|  | (3)NOI ( $=$ (1)-(2) $\quad$ ( In thousands of yen) | 127,782 | 49,858 | 20,874 | 38,609 | 19,658 | 88,258 | 51,808 | 20,951 | 49,764 | 38,962 | 82,324 | 65,741 | 33,859 |
|  | (4Depreciation (In thousands of yen) | 17,720 | 11,134 | 5,301 | 6,801 | 5,101 | 22,096 | 5,939 | 3,052 | 17,554 | 8,291 | 9,379 | 8,001 | 3,734 |
|  | (5)Rental operating income ( = 3--4) (In thousands of yen) | 110,062 | 38,723 | 15,572 | 31,808 | 14,557 | 66,162 | 45,868 | 17,898 | 32,210 | 30,671 | 72,944 | 57,740 | 30,124 |
|  | (6) Capital expenditures ( In thousands of yen) | 2,866 | 3,156 | 2,301 | 499 | 850 | 12,431 | 1,741 | 2,194 | 2,965 | 3,694 | 5,333 | 14,263 | 1,034 |
|  | (8) NCF ( $=$ (3)-6) (In thousands of yen) | 124,916 | 46,701 | 18,573 | 38,110 | 18,807 | 75,827 | 50,066 | 18,756 | 46,799 | 35,268 | 76,990 | 51,477 | 32,824 |
|  | Expense ratio ( $=$ (2)/(1) | 19.9\% | 17.5\% | 23.6\% | 21.9\% | 23.3\% | 18.5\% | 26.2\% | 19.9\% | 21.2\% | 21.3\% | 28.1\% | 25.8\% | 22.4\% |
|  | Property tax for the year $2021 \quad$ ( In thousands of yen) | 18,300 | 5,805 | 2,504 | 5,037 | 2,444 | 11,033 | 9,057 | 3,222 | 7,526 | 5,519 | 16,914 | 9,787 | 7,437 |
|  | Assets pledged as collateral | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |





| Keference】 |  |  | Earnings Performance for the Individual Properties for the 20th Fiscal Period (August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022) : 184 day |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ys ※As of January 31, 2022 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Property N |  |  | T-58 | T-59 | T-60 | T-61 | T-62 | T-63 | T-64 | T-65 | T-66 | T-67 | T-68 | T-69 | T-70 |
| Property Name |  |  | KDX Residence Kagurazaka Dori | KDX Residence Sendagi | $\begin{gathered} \text { KDX Residence } \\ \text { Seijo } \end{gathered}$ | KDX Residence Akihabara | $\begin{aligned} & \text { KDX Residence } \\ & \text { Iriya } \end{aligned}$ | KDX Residence Tachikawa | KDX Residence Tsurumi | KDX Residence Morishita Chitose | KDX Residence Akasaka | $\begin{aligned} & \text { KDX Residence } \\ & \text { Kanda } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { KDX Residence } \\ & \text { Ebisu } \end{aligned}$ | KDX Residence Nishi-magome | KDX Residence Nishi-azabu |
| Acquisition Date |  |  | February 5, 2015 | February 5, 2015 | February 5, 2015 | February 5, 2015 | February 5, 2015 | February 5, 2015 | February 5, 2015 | June 1, 2015 | September 30,2015 | September 30,2015 | October 30, 2015 | August 30, 2016 | August 1, 2016 |
|  | Acquisition price | ( In millions of yen) | 1,360 | 2,200 | 1,400 | 1,250 | 1,062 | 3,026 | 1,050 | 1,100 | 1,150 | 700 | 2,845 | 1,130 | 1,224 |
|  | Percentage of total portfolio |  | 0.5\% | 0.8\% | 0.5\% | 0.5\% | 0.4\% | 1.1\% | 0.4\% | 0.4\% | 0.4\% | 0.3\% | 1.0\% | 0.4\% | 0.4\% |
|  | Net book value | ( In millions of yen) | 1,364 | 2,315 | 1,446 | 1,227 | 1,035 | 2,977 | 1,145 | 1,083 | 1,171 | 704 | 2,885 | 1,145 | 1,229 |
|  | Appraisal value at the end of period (In millions of yen )Percentage of total appraisal value |  | 2,390 | 2,700 | 1,760 | 1,750 | 1,530 | 3,980 | 1,640 | 1,470 | 2,130 | 1,260 | 4,980 | 1,390 | 1,870 |
|  |  |  | 0.7\% | 0.8\% | 0.5\% | 0.5\% | 0.4\% | 1.2\% | 0.5\% | 0.4\% | 0.6\% | 0.4\% | 1.4\% | 0.4\% | 0.5\% |
|  | Number of leasable residential units |  | 70 | 40 | 38 | 32 | 57 | 174 | 59 | 65 | 28 | 30 | 65 | 47 | 33 |
|  | Leasable floor area | (m) | 1,809.84 | 3,159.89 | 2,198.56 | 1,929.61 | 1,899.29 | 4,314.87 | 3,499.84 | 1,614.28 | 1,180.71 | 1,031.09 | 2,659.66 | 1,297.27 | 1,357.88 |
|  | Leased floor area | (m) | 1,707.71 | 3,159.89 | 2,198.56 | 1,882.40 | 1,844.03 | 4,020.72 | 3,499.84 | 1,508.22 | 1,180.71 | 979.37 | 2,573.67 | 1,181.26 | 1,274.84 |
|  | Occupancy ratio (Note |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | As of January 31, 2022 <br> As of July 31, 2021 |  | 94.4\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 97.6\% | 97.1\% | 93.2\% | 100.0\% | 93.4\% | 100.0\% | 95.0\% | 96.8\% | 91.1\% | 93.9\% |
|  |  |  | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 97.6\% | 97.3\% | 96.0\% | 100.0\% | $92.2 \%$ | 93.1\% | 93.9\% | 97.2\% | $89.1 \%$ | 91.3\% |
|  | As of January 31, 2021 |  | . $5 \%$ | 100.0\% | 4.6\% | 90.9\% | 94.5\% | 91.4\% | 100.0\% | 98.7\% | 100.0\% | 95.0\% | 90.4\% | 93.0\% | 86.0\% |
|  | As of July 31, 2020 |  | 3.7\% | 8.2\% | 96.8\% | 96.9\% | 95.9\% | 93.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 85.9\% | 100.0\% | 91.4\% | 96.9\% | 91.7\% |
|  | As of January 31, 2020 |  | 8.6\% | 6.1\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 92.5\% | 100.0\% | 96.8\% | 100.0\% | 94.9\% | 95.7\% | 96.1\% | 96.9\% |
|  | As of July 31, 2019 |  | 98.6\% | 95.1\% | 5.5\% | 91.0\% | 100.0\% | 99.4\% | 98.4\% | 98.1\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 97.3\% | 98.1\% | 94.3\% |
|  | As of January 31, 2019 |  | 100.0\% | 97.8\% | 100.0\% | 95.2\% | 100.0\% | 94.3\% | 98.4\% | 96.2\% | 96.4\% | 96.9\% | 99.0\% | 89.1\% | 100.0\% |
|  | As of July 31, 2018 |  | 95.8\% | 100.0\% | 93.2\% | 90.9\% | 100.0\% | 95.4\% | 98.4\% | 98.7\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 96.9\% |
|  | As of January 31, 2018 |  | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 97.5\% | 97.0\% | 98.6\% | 92.6\% | 100.0\% | 97.4\% | 96.6\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 96.1\% | 97.3\% |
|  | As of July 31, 2017 |  | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 97.5\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 98.8\% | 100.0\% | 96.8\% | 96.4\% | 100.0\% | 92.1\% | 91.1\% | 96.9\% |
|  | Operating periods |  | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days |
|  | (1)Rental and other operating revenues (In thousands of yen) <br> Rental revenues <br> Other operating revenues |  | 51,136 | 68,126 | 44,699 | 41,806 | 38,244 | 98,791 | 55,184 | 37,139 | 41,137 | 28,922 | 96,486 | 29,617 | 37,743 |
|  |  |  | 48,648 | 63,361 | 38,472 | 38,563 | 36,325 | 88,474 | 49,632 | 35,135 | 40,103 | 27,960 | 90,860 | 28,279 | 35,951 |
|  |  |  | 2,487 | 4,765 | 6,227 | 3,243 | 1,918 | 10,317 | 5,552 | 2,003 | 1,034 | 962 | 5,626 | 1,337 | 1,791 |
|  | (2)Property-related expenses ( In thousands of yen) |  | 10,291 | 9,367 | 7,454 | 8,160 | 9,996 | 15,519 | 7,888 | 8,214 | 6,152 | 4,996 | 16,142 | 7,713 | 10,178 |
|  | Property management fees |  | 2,776 | 3,105 | 3,083 | 2,596 | 3,110 | 6,744 | 3,234 | 2,736 | 2,322 | 1,715 | 4,434 | 2,784 | 2,453 |
|  | Taxes |  | 2,421 | 3,040 | 2,830 | 2,106 | 1,961 | 4,017 | 2,548 | 1,929 | 2,034 | 1,793 | 4,251 | 1,585 | 2,600 |
|  | Utilities |  | 526 | 2,637 | 430 | 394 | 393 | 735 | 599 | 345 | 248 | 426 | 1,067 | 176 | 538 |
|  | Repairs and maintenance |  | 2,904 | 83 | 283 | 2,184 | 2,639 | 2,463 | 765 | 1,553 | 519 | 152 | 1,339 | 1,182 | 1,480 |
|  | Insurance |  | 64 | 116 | 85 | 64 | 63 | 167 | 115 | 49 | 42 | 38 | 98 | 40 | 48 |
|  | Trust fees and other expenses |  | 1,598 | 382 | 740 | 812 | 1,828 | 1,390 | 625 | 1,600 | 984 | 870 | 4,948 | 1,944 | 3,057 |
|  | (3)NOI ( $=$ (1)-(2) | ( In thousands of yen) | 40,844 | 58,759 | 37,245 | 33,646 | 28,247 | 83,272 | 47,296 | 28,924 | 34,985 | 23,926 | 80,344 | 21,903 | 27,565 |
|  | (4) ${ }^{\text {depreciation }}$ | ( In thousands of yen) | 3,755 | 8,928 | 5,169 | 6,860 | 6,279 | 22,166 | 6,657 | 5,778 | 4,209 | 3,692 | 11,287 | 4,887 | 4,529 |
|  | (5)Rental operating income ( $=$ (3)-4) | ( In thousands of yen) | 37,089 | 49,830 | 32,075 | 26,786 | 21,967 | 61,105 | 40,638 | 23,146 | 30,775 | 20,234 | 69,057 | 17,015 | 23,035 |
|  | (6) Capital expenditures | ( In thousands of yen) | 1,006 | 277 | 124 | 2,586 | 259 | 390 | 741 | 2,370 | 220 | - | 151 | 401 | 2,274 |
|  | (7)NCF ( $=$ (3)-6) | ( In thousands of yen) | 39,838 | 58,481 | 37,120 | 31,059 | 27,988 | 82,881 | 46,554 | 26,554 | 34,764 | 23,926 | 80,192 | 21,502 | 25,291 |
|  | Expense ratio ( $=$ (2) /(1) |  | 20.1\% | 13.7\% | 16.7\% | 19.5\% | 26.1\% | 15.7\% | 14.3\% | 22.1\% | 15.0\% | 17.3\% | 16.7\% | 26.0\% | 27.0\% |
|  | Property tax for the year 2021 | ( In thousands of yen) | 4,842 | 6,080 | 5,661 | 4,213 | 3,922 | 8,035 | 5,096 | 3,858 | 4,069 | 3,587 | 8,503 | 3,170 | 5,200 |
|  | Assets pledged as collateral |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |





| Reference】 |  |  | Earnings Performance for the Individual Properties for the 20th Fiscal Period (August 1, 2021 to January 31, 2022) : 184 days |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | s ※As of January 31, 2022 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Property No. |  |  | R-10 | R-11 | R-13 | R-16 | R-17 | R-18 | R-19 | R-20 | R-21 | R-22 | R-24 | R-25 | R-26 |
| Property Name |  |  | KDX Residence Kikusui Yojo | KDX Residence <br> Toyohira Koen | KDX Residence Ichiban-cho | KDX Residence Higashi-sakura I | KDX Residence Higashi-sakura II | KDX Residence Jingumae | KDX Residence Nishi-oji | $\begin{aligned} & \text { KDX Residence } \\ & \text { Saiin } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { KDX Residence } \\ & \text { Namba } \end{aligned}$ | KDX Residence <br> Namba-minami | KDX Residence Ibaraki II II | KDX Residence Toyonaka-minami | KDX Residence Moriguchi |
| Acquisition Date |  |  | August 7, 2013 | August 7, 2013 | August 7, 2013 | August 7, 2013 | August 7, 2013 | August 7, 2013 | August 7, 2013 | August 7, 2013 | August 7, 2013 | August 7, 2013 | August 7, 2013 | August 7, 2013 | August 7, 2013 |
|  | Acquisition price | ( In millions of yen) | 830 | 445 | 530 | 2,350 | 900 | 840 | 813 | 440 | 1,410 | 1,350 | 1,275 | 740 | 551 |
|  | Percentage of total portfolio |  | 0.3\% | 0.2\% | 0.2\% | 0.8\% | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.2\% | 0.5\% | 0.5\% | 0.5\% | 0.3\% | 0.2\% |
|  | Net book value | ( In millions of yen) | 832 | 446 | 480 | 2,175 | 834 | 772 | 752 | 403 | 1,319 | 1,230 | 1,266 | 647 | 492 |
|  | Appraisal value at the end of period (In millions of yen )Percentage of total appraisal value |  | 1,120 | 621 | 739 | 2,630 | 1,100 | 1,090 | 960 | 533 | 1,820 | 1,750 | 1,527 | 992 | 718 |
|  |  |  | 0.3\% | 0.2\% | 0.2\% | 0.8\% | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.3\% | 0.2\% | 0.5\% | 0.5\% | 0.4\% | 0.3\% | 0.2\% |
|  | Number of leasable residential units |  | 84 | 65 | 45 | 187 | 66 | 95 | 76 | 49 | 118 | 131 | 61 | 70 | 28 |
|  | Leasable floor area | (m) | 3,413.06 | 2,253.81 | 1,818.09 | 6,221.83 | 2,655.31 | 2,724.19 | 2,353.55 | 1,094.81 | 3,387.30 | 3,813.31 | 4,701.87 | 2,024.50 | 1,942.78 |
|  | Leased floor area | (m) | 3,413.06 | 2,185.39 | 1,782.41 | 5,756.33 | 2,456.91 | 2,601.94 | 2,212.36 | 1,094.81 | 3,233.23 | 3,709.00 | 4,701.87 | 1,971.72 | 1,942.78 |
|  | Occupancy ratio (Note) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | As of January 31, 2022 <br> As of July 31, 2021 |  | 100.0\% | 97.0\% | 98.0\% | 92.5\% | 92.5\% | 95.5\% | 94.0\% | 100.0\% | 95.5\% | 97.3\% | 100.0\% | 97.4\% | 100.0\% |
|  |  |  | 99.0\% | 95.3\% | 93.5\% | 89.8\% | 94.0\% | 94.4\% | 97.9\% | 96.0\% | 99.2\% | 98.5\% | 98.3\% | 97.0\% | 100.0\% |
|  | As of July 31, 2021 <br> As of January 31, 2021 |  | 97.9\% | 93.8\% | 93.7\% | 91.4\% | 100.0\% | 94.6\% | 96.9\% | 97.9\% | 97.0\% | 92.7\% | 98.4\% | 98.4\% | 96.5\% |
|  | As of July 31, 2020 |  | 80.7\% | 90.7\% | 93.7\% | 89.3\% | 92.5\% | 96.7\% | 98.0\% | 94.2\% | 95.5\% | 97.8\% | 100.0\% | 95.5\% | 100.0\% |
|  | As of January 31, 2020 |  | 96.0\% | 90.7\% | 98.0\% | 96.3\% | 97.0\% | 94.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 98.5\% | 96.6\% | 98.4\% | 97.0\% | 100.0\% |
|  | As of July 31, 2019 |  | 97.9\% | 93.8\% | 88.1\% | 96.3\% | 94.0\% | 96.0\% | 97.8\% | 95.7\% | 97.7\% | 97.3\% | 98.4\% | 95.6\% | 96.9\% |
|  | As of January 31, 2019 |  | 89.8\% | 94.0\% | 85.2\% | 87.7\% | 92.5\% | 92.3\% | 99.1\% | 96.0\% | 96.2\% | 97.4\% | 98.4\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
|  | As of July 31, 2018 |  | 90.3\% | 95.2\% | 92.4\% | 90.4\% | 89.5\% | 96.9\% | 100.0\% | 96.1\% | 95.5\% | 97.3\% | 100.0\% | 95.8\% | 96.5\% |
|  | As of January 31, 2018 |  | 94.4\% | 89.1\% | 97.3\% | 93.0\% | 95.5\% | 91.4\% | 97.0\% | 98.0\% | 97.0\% | 96.9\% | 96.7\% | 95.6\% | 100.0\% |
|  | As of July 31, 2017 |  | 92.8\% | 95.4\% | 95.4\% | 94.6\% | 95.5\% | 96.0\% | 95.9\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 97.4\% | 100.0\% | 95.7\% | 96.1\% |
|  | Operating periods |  | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days | 184days |
|  | (1)Rental and other operating revenues ( In thousands of yen) <br> Rental revenues <br> Other operating revenues |  | 39,746 | 24,145 | 27,150 | 89,586 | 35,487 | 38,253 | 33,298 | 17,777 | 55,705 | 55,702 | 54,660 | 30,512 | 24,474 |
|  |  |  | 34,776 | 21,609 | 25,236 | 81,098 | 33,363 | 35,280 | 31,104 | 16,299 | 51,901 | 54,083 | 50,282 | 28,912 | 22,346 |
|  |  |  | 4,970 | 2,536 | 1,913 | 8,487 | 2,124 | 2,973 | 2,194 | 1,478 | 3,804 | 1,618 | 4,378 | 1,600 | 2,127 |
|  | (2)Property-related expenses ( In thousands of yen) |  | 10,315 | 6,713 | 5,861 | 28,495 | 9,593 | 14,300 | 8,502 | 5,349 | 12,717 | 11,269 | 10,962 | 5,431 | 4,838 |
|  | Property management fees |  | 3,018 | 1,745 | 1,644 | 7,491 | 2,856 | 4,323 | 1,817 | 1,178 | 2,677 | 2,852 | 2,373 | 1,440 | 1,372 |
|  | Taxes |  | 3,296 | 2,161 | 1,852 | 6,013 | 2,653 | 2,566 | 2,175 | 968 | 3,195 | 3,217 | 4,603 | 1,792 | 1,627 |
|  | Utilities |  | 924 | 826 | 328 | 1,055 | 466 | 403 | 1,134 | 739 | 1,628 | 566 | 1,147 | 391 | 1,044 |
|  | Repairs and maintenance |  | 1,137 | 638 | 470 | 5,078 | 1,073 | 5,504 | 2,489 | 1,500 | 3,039 | 3,084 | 1,880 | 885 | 177 |
|  | Insurance |  | 73 | 60 | 48 | 173 | 74 | 73 | 66 | 32 | 147 | 169 | 197 | 55 | 60 |
|  | Trust fees and other expenses |  | 1,864 | 1,280 | 1,516 | 8,682 | 2,467 | 1,428 | 819 | 929 | 2,030 | 1,378 | 760 | 866 | 555 |
|  | (3NOI ( = (1)-(2) | ( In thousands of yen) | 29,431 | 17,432 | 21,288 | 61,091 | 25,894 | 23,952 | 24,796 | 12,428 | 42,988 | 44,433 | 43,698 | 25,081 | 19,635 |
|  | (4) ${ }^{\text {depreciation }}$ | ( In thousands of yen) | 8,369 | 4,883 | 5,146 | 18,229 | 7,149 | 7,585 | 6,424 | 3,895 | 10,221 | 12,036 | 6,411 | 8,385 | 5,495 |
|  | (5)Rental operating income ( $=$ (3)-4) | ( In thousands of yen) | 21,062 | 12,548 | 16,142 | 42,861 | 18,744 | 16,367 | 18,372 | 8,533 | 32,766 | 32,396 | 37,287 | 16,695 | 14,140 |
|  | (6) Capital expenditures | ( In thousands of yen) | 4,558 | 3,209 |  | 3,958 | 1,097 | 2,697 | 2,569 | 1,389 | 1,491 | 1,280 | 2,109 | 1,729 | 1,481 |
|  | (7)NCF ( $=$ (3)-6) | ( In thousands of yen) | 24,872 | 14,222 | 21,288 | 57,132 | 24,796 | 21,255 | 22,227 | 11,038 | 41,497 | 43,153 | 41,588 | 23,352 | 18,154 |
|  | Expense ratio ( $=$ (2)/(1) |  | 26.0\% | 27.8\% | 21.6\% | 31.8\% | 27.0\% | 37.4\% | 25.5\% | 30.1\% | 22.8\% | 20.2\% | 20.1\% | 17.8\% | 19.8\% |
|  | Property tax for the year 2021 | ( In thousands of yen) | 6,575 | 4,335 | 3,715 | 11,974 | 5,296 | 5,114 | 4,353 | 1,940 | 6,385 | 6,429 | 9,215 | 3,563 | 3,263 |
|  | Assets pledged as collateral |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |




Note: We have not obtained consent from the tenant(s) to release this information.






|  | Lender | Balance at the beginning of period | Increase during the period | Decrease during the period | Balance at the end of period | Average interest rate (Note 1) (Note 2) | Payment due date <br> (Note 3) | Use | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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|  | Total | 138,220,000 | 18,350,000 | 8,450,000 | 148,120,000 |  |  |  |  |

Note 1: All debts except for the following Note 5 are borrowing at a floating rate.
Note 2: Average interest rates are the weighted average during the period and figures are rounded to the nearest third decimal place. Also, with regard to borrowings for which interest rate swap
transactions were implemented in order to hedge the interest rate volatility risk, the weighted average interest rates taking into consideration the effects of the interest rate swaps are indicated.
Note 3: All the repayment methods of debt financing are lump-sum repayments on the due date.
Note 4: All debts were used as the funds for acquiring real estate properties or trust beneficiary interest in real estate (additional expenses are included) and repayment of debts.
Note 5: Borrowings at a fixed rate.
Note 6: Borrowings listed in the current portion of long-term payable were listed in long-term payable in the previous fiscal period.


[^0]:    (Notes to the Statements of Income and Retained Earnings)

[^1]:    * Figures indicate net amount of derivative assets/liabilities derived from derivative transactions, with minus representing net liabilities.

